<u></u>	vic: This is the House that Jack Built/ Se	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Subjects	Objectives	Skills	Activities/ Tasks
Science	Year 1 onlyEveryday Materials1.13 Distinguish between an objectand the material from which it ismade.1.14 Identify and name a variety ofeveryday materials including wood,plastic, glass, metal, water and rock.1.15 Describe the simple physicalproperties of a variety of everydaymaterials.1.16 Compare and group together avariety of everyday materials on thebasis on their simple physicalproperties.	<ul> <li>Asking Questions &amp; Planning Enquiries</li> <li>Explore the world around them and raise their own simple questions.</li> <li>Experience different types of science enquiries, including practical activities.</li> <li>Begin to recognise different ways in which they might answer scientific questions.</li> <li>Testing, Measuring &amp; Recording</li> <li>Carry out simple tests.</li> <li>Use simple features to compare objects, materials and living things and, with help, decide how to sort and group them (identifying and classifying).</li> <li>With help, they should record and communicate their findings in a range of ways and begin to use simple scientific language.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Year 1</li> <li>To go on a materials hunt around school. Split ch into groups ar glass, plastic, fabric, paper,rock. Can we find objects around school. To make feely boards of different materials and write down a provestigation: Jack needs a material which is waterproof for his is investigate to see which materials are waterproof.</li> <li>Investigation: Jack needs some curtains for his house and they n introduce the terms: opaque, transparent and translucent. To investigation: To investigate how stretchy different materials are</li> <li>Thinking skills activity to sort materials into different groups. Can correct recycling bin?</li> <li>To make a house out of midget gems and cocktail sticks – can the state of the</li></ul>
	Year 2 only Uses of Everyday Materials 2.10 Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses. 2.11 Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.	Talk about what they have found out and how they found it out.	<ul> <li>Year 2</li> <li>Complete a materials hunt around school and as part of homeworm materials.</li> <li>Make materials munchers using recycled cardboard boxes and fermaterial.</li> <li>Ask questions about the materials objects are made of. Why are</li> <li>Write ridiculous materials poems imagining what it would be like</li> <li>Write materials riddles by describing properties and ask children</li> <li>Investigate objects that can be made of different materials e.g. a etc. What would the pros and cons be for each?</li> <li>Research houses in different climates/parts of the world. What ar given climate and explain why you chose the materials you did.</li> <li>Complete midget gem and cocktail stick building challenge – test</li> <li>Investigate which material is best for curtains for Jack's house. W test which fabrics block the light most effectively.</li> <li>Receive an email from Jack regarding a spillage of milk in the 'He the most absorbent and therefore best for soaking up spills. Reco found out.</li> <li>Understand that some materials can change shape when forces a changed back. Complete carousel investigation with different material a range of twists, squeezes etc.</li> <li>Curly-Wurly investigation – Look at world record clip of someona it? How long? Children predict and then T demonstrates. Can it for the most change of the solution and then the most absorber of cound then the most clip of someona it? How long? Children predict and then T demonstrates. Can it for the most change?</li> </ul>
Art	<ol> <li>To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products.</li> <li>To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Exploring/ Evaluating and developing ideas</li> <li>Work from observations and known objects</li> <li>Develop and share their ideas, try things out and make changes</li> <li>Begin to think what materials best suit the task</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To create a puppet using felt linked to fairy tales and traditional         <ul> <li>To explore and practise simple stitches to join fabric together.</li> <li>Let children have a go at threading a needed and practise a s</li> </ul> </li> <li>To add decoration to their puppets using a range of media e.g. b</li> </ul>

and focus on one material a week: wood, metal, hool for each of these materials? property of each material. umbrella. To understand the term waterproof and need to let as little light through as possible. To nvestigate with torch and black card which materials

re.

- Can link to recycling. Can they sort objects into the
- the wolf 'hairdryer' blow it down?
- work to recap naming and identification of
- feed each muncher objects made of their preferred
- re windows made of glass? Clothes made of fabric? ke if cars were made of jelly etc.
- en to identify the materials in each other's riddles. a chair – metal, plastic, metal, wood, partly fabric
- are they made of and why? Design a house for a
- est houses using hairdryer disquised as a wolf. What purpose do curtains have? Use light meter to
- 'House that Jack Built'. Investigate which material is cord results and reply to Jack explaining what we
- are applied to them and that some can also be naterials like play dough, foam, foil etc and complete
- one trying to stretch a Curly-Wurly. Can you stretch it be put back into original shape? al tales.

er.

- a simple running stitch on pieces of fabric and .....
- beads, buttons, feathers, felt.

Durham Lane Primary School: Topic Planning Year B Term: Autumn 1

<b>Topic:</b>	This is	the H	ouse th	at Jack	Built/	Seasonal	Chang	jes – Autumn

I	opic: This is the House that Jack Built/ S		<u>Term: Autumn 1</u>	<u>Class:</u>
DT	colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.	<ul> <li>Texture (textiles and collage)         <ul> <li>Apply decoration to fabric using beads, buttons, feathers etc</li> <li>Weave using different materials – paper, carrier bags, twigs, fabric</li> <li>Start to explore simple stitches to join fabric together</li> </ul> </li> <li>Form (Sculpture)         <ul> <li>Use materials to make known objects for a purpose i.e. puppet</li> </ul> </li></ul>	<ul> <li>To start by weaving paper t</li> <li>Move onto weaving with we simple running stitch.</li> </ul>	a basic loom using a range of fabr to understand how to weave. bol on a cardboard frame. This wil
		<ul> <li>Design <ul> <li>have own ideas and plan what to do next</li> <li>explain what I want to do and describe how I may do it</li> <li>explain purpose of product, how it will work and how it will be suitable for the user</li> <li>describe design using pictures, words, models, diagrams</li> <li>design products for myself and others following design criteria</li> <li>choose best tools and materials, and explain choices</li> <li>research and use knowledge of existing products to produce ideas</li> </ul> Make <ul> <li>explain what I am making and why it fits the purpose</li> <li>make suggestions as to what I need to do next.</li> <li>join materials/components together in different ways</li> <li>measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components, with support.</li> <li>describe which tools I'm using and why</li> <li>choose suitable materials and explain choices depending on characteristics.</li> <li>use finishing techniques to make product look good</li> <li>work safely and hygienically</li> </ul> Evaluate <ul> <li>describe what went well, thinking about design criteria</li> <li>talk about existing products considering: use, materials, how they work, audience, where they might be used; express personal opinion <ul> <li>evaluate how good existing products are</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>opens, at least one window with</li> <li>Choose materials and tools best</li> <li>DT day to make houses, using t</li> <li>Evaluate completed houses by e</li> <li>Puppet</li> <li>See also Art objectives. Focus o materials, joining textiles in diff</li> <li>Midget Gem House</li> <li>Complete midget gem and cock on making a product that is structure</li> <li>Use joining, rolling and folding</li> </ul>	e for Jack using a range of materi h transparent material, a chimney. t suited to the task. Describe their heir plans. explaining what worked and what

## <u>Teacher:</u>

brics and textiles.

vill also help towards



nt houses from around the world and the materials

erials and following a given criteria: roof, door that y.

ir design plans to their peers.

at could be improved upon.

product and its suitability, choose and measure done.

st houses using hairdryer disguised as a wolf. Focus eing blown over. (See also Science activities)

r structure that is stronger than the example given. tower that doesn't fall over.

Durham Lane Primary School: Topic Planning Year B

<u>Term: Autumn 1</u>

Topic: Th	is is the House	that Jack Bu	ilt/ Seasonal	Changes - Autumr	ι

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	<ul> <li>talk about what I would do differently if I were to do it again and why</li> <li><u>Technical Knowledge</u></li> <li>choose and measure materials/textiles</li> <li>describe some different characteristics of materials</li> <li>join materials/textiles together in different ways and explain how it was done</li> <li>use joining, rolling or folding to make it stronger</li> <li>understand that a 3D textile structure can be made from two identical fabric shapes.</li> <li>use own ideas to try to make product stronger</li> </ul>		
Writing		<ul> <li>Year 1</li> <li>Recount of summer holidays</li> <li>To discuss what a traditional tale is – recap on work from Reception.</li> <li>Create a wanted poster for the wolf</li> <li>Sequence the story of the 3 little pigs</li> <li>Drama – act out the story of the 3 little pigs</li> <li>Retell the story of the 3 little pigs</li> <li>Letter to the wolf asking him questions</li> <li>Look at alternatives to the 3 little pigs and retell the true story of the 3 little pigs told from the point of view of the wolf.</li> <li>Poem – I wish I lived in a use adjectives to describe the different places they could live.</li> <li>Instructions on how to make their glove puppet.</li> <li>Learn the rhyme – The House that Jack Built.</li> </ul>	Year 2 • Sha usin • Reto • Hot • Wri aski stop • Rea true fror of v • Lea • Wri • Wri • Wri

Subjects	Objectives	Skills	Activities/ Tasks
Science <b>Autumn</b> Y1	<b>Seasonal Changes</b> 1.17 Observe changes across the four seasons. 1.18 Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	<ul> <li>Testing, Measuring &amp; Recording</li> <li>Observe closely using simple equipment With help, observe changes over time</li> <li>Concluding</li> <li>With guidance, they should begin to notice patterns and relationships</li> <li>Talk about what they have found out and how they found it out</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Create a signs of autumn display with a season tray in the class to observe and discuss in the classroom.</li> <li>Could create a class big book entitled 'Our school through the yet to show their understanding of the seasons.</li> <li>In autumn investigate why some leaves change colour (Nicky We Around the end of October, children should observe the mornings and getting shorter. To talk about what time it starts getting dark on the objectives.</li> </ul>
Science <b>Autumn</b>	Seasonal Changes	<ul> <li>Testing, Measuring &amp; Recording</li> <li>Observe closely using simple equipment</li> </ul>	• Plant bulbs which should appear in the spring.

## r 2

<u>Class:</u>

hare a range of traditional tales and retell orally and sing drama. Recognise key features.

- etell stories in own words.
- ot seat characters from these stories.
- Vrite a letter to the wolf in the Three Little Pigs sking I'm why he is so mean and persuading him to cop behaving this way.
- ead alternative versions of trad tales such as 'The rue Story of the Three Little Pigs'. Explore stories told rom different points of view. Tell Little Red from point f view of the wolf. Is he a victim?
- earn the rhyme The House that Jack Built
- Email reply to Jack re absorbency test
- Vrite riddles describing materials
- /rite poems about ridiculous materials What if....?

issroom and collect seasonal items found in nature

year' where the class can add to it and annotate

- Waller Science book pg 60).
- and evenings are getting darker and the days are he evening. Can link to time and Y1 maths

Durham Lane Primary School: Topic Planning Year B

Topic: This is the House that Jack Built/ Seasonal Changes	– Autumn

]	<u> </u>	<u>Term: Autumn 1</u>	<u>Class:</u>	
Y2	<ul> <li>1.17 Observe changes across the four seasons.</li> <li>1.18 Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>With help, observe changes over time</li> <li>Use simple measurements and equipment (e.g. hand lenses, egg timers) to gather data</li> <li>Record simple data.</li> <li>Concluding</li> <li>With guidance, they should begin to notice patterns and relationships</li> <li>Talk about what they have found out and how they found it out</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>At the start of the year, 'adopt' notice about the tree later and c each season.</li> <li>Photograph this tree all year, muchanges throughout the year.</li> <li>Complete a weekly temperature</li> <li>Complete signs of autumn sheet:</li> <li>To collect pinecones and notice to be dispersed by the wind. Comp minutes. Why does this happen?</li> </ul>	compare to past seasons. Could aybe once a week and combine chart and record temperature e s where children have to spot sig that cones are usually open and are an open cone to what happ

## <u>Teacher:</u>

nd take photos, sketch, paint, discuss what they d start a four part sketch, drawing the same tree

e photos to make a time lapse video showing

each week for comparison over the year.

signs of the seasons.

nd learn about how this enables the seeds inside to ppens when they hold one under water for several